





LEXMACHINA

# Datalambic

Semi-Automated Linguistic Data Acquisition

### Realisation

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#### Keywords

- Contextual machine translation in law and finance
- Data collection based on pdf and web scraping
- Data pipelines with automated Machine Learning validation

# Competences

Machine Learning Deep Learning Natural Language Processing (NLP) Complex Data Systems

# Valorisation

Commercialisation de LexMachina

# Funding

Innosuisse
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48742.1 IP-ICT

#### **Project duration**

18 mois 11/2020 – 05/2022 **Neural Machine Translation (NMT)** engines have revolutionized the field of machine translation in just a few years. Translation engines such as Google Translate or DeepL have reached very fine performance levels on texts of a general nature. In specific contexts, translations are becoming increasingly technical and NMT engines need to undergo specialization through retraining based on contextualized data.

That is why **Hieronymus AG** has created LexMachina, the first NMT engine specializing in the translation of legal and financial texts. Its target users include law firms, banks, (re)insurance companies, consultants and the big4, in Switzerland and Germany. Such companies will benefit from higher quality custommade NMT engines, with a shorter set-up time.

The purpose of the **Datalambic Project**, carried out in partnership with iCoSys, is to create a tool ecosystem for semi-automated collection, preparation and correction of high-quality data in order to (re)train neural translation engines in the desired specialization(s), including looped feedback from linguists, lawyers and users. The ecosystem will be modular, including: contexttargeted web scraping, document classification, multilingual sentence alignment, term extraction, pseudonymization and customized machine translation post-processing.





Retraining NMT engines for a given business context will require assembling corpora of parallel sentences using a pyramidal approach, for example: a set of "common segments" (e.g., sentences extracted from Swiss laws), supplemented by various sets of segments specific to increasingly sophisticated contexts (e.g., in the field of insurance, subsector of reinsurance, etc.)